

Martin Luther King, Jr. Quiz 2

Grades 6-12

1. Which church did Martin Luther King, Jr. pastor in Atlanta?
 - a. Ebenezer Baptist Church
 - b. First Baptist Church of Atlanta
 - c. Dexter Avenue Baptist Church
2. Which event led to the creation of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC)?
 - a. The March on Washington
 - b. The March from Selma to Montgomery
 - c. The Montgomery Bus Boycott
3. Why did Martin Luther King, Jr. and the Southern Christian Leadership Conference decide to march from Selma, Alabama to Montgomery?
 - a. to protest voting restrictions placed on African Americans
 - b. to protest segregation that took place on Montgomery busses
 - c. to protest segregation in all public places
4. Whose ideals and practices influenced the nonviolent protest strategy of Martin Luther King, Jr.?
 - a. Abraham Lincoln
 - b. Mahatma Gandhi
 - c. Medgar Evers
5. Toward the end of his life, many civil rights leaders began criticizing Martin Luther King, Jr. for his strategies. What did they say?
 - a. that he wasn't confrontational enough
 - b. that his protest were too disruptive
 - c. that he should focus more on protesting racial segregation in Montgomery schools

6. In which speech did Martin Luther King, Jr. say that he dreamt of a day that his four children would not be “judged by the color of their skin but the content of their character?”
 - a. “I’ve Been to the Mountaintop”
 - b. “I Have a Dream”
 - c. “The American Dream”
7. Which U.S. president signed the Voting Rights Act of 1965?
 - a. President John F. Kennedy
 - b. President Lyndon B. Johnson
 - c. President Dwight D. Eisenhower
8. Which law banned discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex and national origin in public places and employment?
 - a. Voting Rights Act of 1965
 - b. Civil Rights Act of 1964
 - c. Civil Rights Act of 1965
9. Which is NOT true about the Montgomery Bus Boycotts?
 - a. The protests lasted for 13 months.
 - b. At the end, the Supreme Court ruled that bus segregation is unconstitutional.
 - c. About 90 of Montgomery’s African American population participated in the boycott.
 - d. It led to the creation of the Montgomery Improvement Association, of which Martin Luther King Jr. was president.
10. When was Martin Luther King, Jr. assassinated?
 - a. April 4, 1968
 - b. March 4, 1967
 - c. January 7, 1968

ANSWERS:

1. A

2. C

3. A

4. B

5. A

6. B

7. B

8. B

9. D

10. A

Credit: Research for these questions was made possible by articles on History.com and the Martin Luther King, Jr. Research and Education Institute at Stanford University.